

# MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 51.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1897.

\$150 PER ANNUM.

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**\$10.00 TO \$25.00 A WEEK: SURE.**  
Right at your home! Men, women want ed: whole or spare time at home. Work steady and simple; no book keeping. No secret names and addresses and full instructions ready to go to work will be sent free. No expense whatever. Address: THE MEMORIAL PRINTING & LITH. CO., 39 Dundas St., London, Ont.

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**ATTENTION.**

I am just receiving my spring stock of....

Apples, Oranges and Lemons

They are the best on the market—try them.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND CONFECTIONERY.

I sell cheap for cash. Call and get prices...

Thos. Healey.

Octavius Field,

Wholesale Dealer and Importer of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Business For Sale.

All outstanding accounts must be settled at once.

SALADA Robinson &



Successors to.....

T. W. ROBINSON.

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Those who know "good tea," we invite you to

TRY "SALADA."

In this tea we offer you the best article for sale in the Dominion, and a tea that once tasted you will always buy. We would particularly like you to

Try a Package  
Of the  
Blue Label at  
40c per pound.

The cup quality of this tea is beyond comment. We guarantee you perfect satisfaction or you are at liberty to return the tea and we will refund you the amount paid. Hoping to do a continually increasing trade with you, we are,

Yours respectfully,

J. A. HEALEY & CO.

ROBINSON  
AND  
HAMILTON.

Yours truly,

Gentlemen's  
Spring Fashions.

Gentlemen no doubt about this time will be considering the question of a new suit of clothes.

We Can Furnish Latest Fabrics in Scotch and English Goods.

We can furnish the above goods and quote prices as low as you can get anywhere consistent with good workmanship and material.

R. L. SLATER,

The latest in Men's Hats and Caps. Fashionable Clothier.

Bigger, Grander Than Ever!

Coming to Moose Jaw, on Friday & Saturday, July 2 & 3.

Andrew McPhee's Big Company!

MILITARY BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

35 - PEOPLE - 35

PRODUCING:—Friday Evening, "Held in Slavery." Saturday Evening, "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

A CAR LOAD OF SPECIAL SCENERY, PONIES, DOGS, DONKEYS.

Watch for the Big Street Parade!

Admission 35c., Reserved Seats 50c., Children 25c.

## MOOSE JAW'S JUBILEE

### CELEBRATION CROWNED WITH SUCCESS.

#### Grand Procession of School Children, Rifle Association, And Citizens Generally—Grand Display of Fire Works in the Evening.

Tuesday, June 22nd, was celebrated all over the world with greater enthusiasm than any single event in history has ever evoked. The citizens of the Empire upon which the sun never sets, rose as one man to show their devotion to their beloved Queen. Difference of climate, race, condition, language and creed made no difference, and whether in India, Africa, Australia, Canada, or the heart of the Empire itself, all joined in the festivities as members of one common family and fellow subjects.

As part of that great Empire, the citizens of Moose Jaw joined in the glad song of praise, and although we are as a drop in the ocean, our loyalty can scarcely ever be called into question after the events of Tuesday. From early morning our town presented a lively appearance with flags and bunting and people preparing for the events of the day.

If it was a happy thought of the committee to commence the day with a grand procession and patriotic speeches; it was a far better one to have the school children present on such an historic occasion, and we venture to say that nothing else that was done will be so far reaching in its effects, as "the hope of Moose Jaw" will long remember the Diamond Jubilee. It was indeed gratifying to the parents to see with what zeal their children entered into the events, and how happy they were as they joined the procession. The singing was the National Anthem, "The Maple Leaf," and "May God Preserve Thee, Canada," was excellent, and much credit is due to the Principal and his staff for the way in which the children conducted themselves throughout the day.

Precisely at ten o'clock the formal hoisting of the flag took place, and the school children sang "God Save the Queen." The Rifle Association then fired three volleys as a salute and the procession started under the leadership of Capt. Hubbell, mounted on a prancing white charger. The Bicycle Club and Stony Beach band came next, followed by the Rifle Association. Then came the school children, the higher standards first and grading gradually down until the little tots were reached at the rear, each one of the pupils having a jubilee flag (donated by Robinson & Hamilton). A large number of citizens joined the procession and marched after the school children, making the parade the longest and most successful ever witnessed in Moose Jaw. After going over the route laid out they marched back to the school, where Mayor Bogue commenced the programme with a patriotic speech, after which he called upon Mr. Jas. H. Ross, M.L.A., who was followed by Principal Fenwick, T. B. Baker, chairman of the school board, and the rest of the local clergy. Mr. Hauke was expected, but Mr. Ross explained that owing to a previous engagement he was unable to be present. We would like very much to give a partial report of the patriotic speeches, but space will not permit of doing so. Suffice it to say the burden of them all bore testimony of the loyalty of the people to their loved sovereign, and the great progress made during her glorious reign.

The afternoon programme of sports was carried out without a hitch under the able management of the committee, who had pre-arranged everything. A platform was erected for the secretary, Mr. Wilcox, who was kept busy checking the entries and keeping track of the prize winners. Chairman Gass superintended the carrying out of the programme with marked ability, and was well assisted by the starters and judges in the different events. Every event was well contested, excepting the tug of war and tossing the caber, which did not receive sufficient entries, and were substituted by a farmer's race and other special's. The following is the list of

#### THE PRIZE WINNERS.

100 yard foot race,—1 Ed. Hunt, 2 H. Mitchell. 1/2 mile bicycle race,—1 Geo. Haight, 2 H. Porter.

Vaulting with pole,—1 Fraser Muirhead, 2 Geo. Moulding.

Running high jump,—1 J. Hawkins, 2 A. Douglass.

Running hop, step and jump,—1 A. Douglass, 2 F. Muirhead.

Standing long jump,—1 Douglass (8' 9"), 2 P. McLelland (8' 6").

Running long jump,—1 Douglass (17' 4 1/2"), 2 Muirhead (17').

Three-legged race, 100 yards,—1 Judd and Thos. Battell, 2. McKenzie and Muirhead.

Girls' race, under 12 years, 100 yards,—1 M. Slemmon, 2 A. Rorison.

Boys' race, under 12 years,—1 P. Ostrander, 2 P. Simington.

Boys' bicycle race, 1/2 mile (under 17 years),—1 J. Haigh, 2 N. Bellamy.

Putting the shot,—1 M. J. MacLeod, 2 P. McLelland.

Pat man's race,—1 E. J. Cudmore, 2 Robt. Martin, 3 Jas. Wilson, 4 Jno. Bunnell.

Running hop step and jump (under 17 years),—1 J. Simington (32' 10"), 2 B. Holdsworth.

Standing long jump (under 17 years),—1 B. Holdsworth (8' 5 1/2"), 2 Norman Bellamy.

Half mile foot race,—1 C. Neff, 2 G. Smith,

Boys' sack race (under 17 years),—1 B. Ostrander, 2 Geo. Watson.

One mile bicycle race,—1 C. Neff, 2 H. Porter.

100 yard dash (boys under 17),—1 W. Rollo, 2 J. Haigh.

Standing high jump,—1 Douglass, 2 P. McLelland.

Farmers' race, 100 yards,—1 Robt. Franks, 2 J. McCartney.

Owing to dissatisfaction with the scoring on Tuesday, the Jubilee match will be shot over on Tuesday, June 29th.

#### AQUATIC EVENTS.

Immediately after the afternoon programme had been finished the clear sky began to cloud in the west, and in a short time quite a shower of rain fell which laid the dust and freshened things up for the evening. Before seven o'clock the banks of the river were lined with spectators gathered to witness the aquatic events. The evening was very pleasant and the river dressed a pretty appearance with numerous pleasure boats and canoes, and about a half dozen swimmers scattered here and there.

In the double canoe race, 1/2 mile and turn, Messrs. C. D. Fisher and H. Headley pitted themselves against J. A. Crough and Jas. Sanders. A start was made but before they reached the turning point a collision occurred, and they returned for a fresh start. Away they went again, but when about the same place they again got into close quarters. They went over the course and Fisher and Headley came in about fifty yards ahead. The others claimed foul. Fisher and Headley claimed the race and refused to run over again. Judge Stunt declared the race off.

In the half mile single scull race there were three entries, namely, D. Rollo, A. Lowe and C. Porter. Mr. Rollo won easily with Lowe second.

In the 100 yards swimming race there were only two entries: J. Norris and E. W. Huie, the latter winning easily.

The boys swimming race (50 yards) was won by Archie Hood, who was opposed by Ben Ostrander.

The tub race was rather amusing, there being several entries, but little Gordie Rollo was the only one who could manage to keep his balance and went over the entire course, while the others were giving an exhibition in sunbathing, etc.

There were innumerable entries for the "greasy pig" event, and when the animal was let loose on the flat across the river, everybody seemed to want a pig and made a rush for it. The poor pig took for a rig to get shelter and was caught in a wheel and given a couple of lively turns, when off it went again, but it was soon captured by Mr. Hiram Cline who proudly carried it off the field.

In the evening a grand display of fire works took place at the corner of Main and High streets and from half past eight until midnight the small boy, and his big brother, and sister, too, played havoc with the fire crackers. About nine o'clock the regular illumination began, and many a sky rocket shot through the darkness leaving its fire mark behind. There was also set up a big illuminated kite which made its way eastward, and was watched until out of sight. The evening programme ended by a big bon fire, which was somewhat differently conducted to any previous one, for much as there was no opposition or ill-feeling, but all participated in the fun as one mass.

The citizens of Moose Jaw are under an obligation to the committee for the way in which they performed their duties, and the success which attended the celebration; and also to the Stony Beach band for the enlivening strains of music which they furnished throughout the day.

The day of the celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of Victoria, Queen and Empress, has passed away, but it will long be remembered by the people of Moose Jaw as one of the most pleasant of their lives.

"The Queen: God bless her!"

#### McPhee's Big Co.

Andrew McPhee's big dramatic and specialty company will open a two night's engagement at Moose Jaw in his large waterproof tent on Friday, July 2nd. This is without doubt the largest dramatic company that ever visited Moose Jaw, numbering thirty-five people, travelling in their own palace cars, erecting large elevated stage and carrying all special scenery for each piece produced. The company also have a fine military band and orchestra, headed by the only lady drum major in the world. They give a grand free street parade each day at noon. On Friday evening the company will present Martin Heyden's great nautical drama, entitled "Heidi in Slavery." This is a very strong melodrama replete with pathos and comedy and startling effects. On Saturday evening the company conclude their engagement with Harriet Beecher Stowe's greatest work, "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

#### The Late David Arnold.

The subject of this brief sketch was born in the County of Kent, where the now city of Chatham now stands, nearly sixty-five years ago, and on the evening of the 16th inst., after a busy and useful life, passed to the bourn from whence no traveler returns.

Mr. Arnold was descended from a U. E. Loyalist, his father and grandfather being the earliest settlers in Kent. His grandfather was the last white man who seen the celebrated Indian chief, Tecumseh, alive. In 1833 with his wife he came to the Moose Jaw district to make his home with his sons, Thaddeus and Lewis. His son, Melvin, still resides in Kent. He has two daughters, Mary (Mrs. Wm. Smith), of Clear Creek, Ont., and Miss Arnold, of R. L. Slater's. In the death of our esteemed citizen we have lost a kind father, and the sorrowing wife has been bereft of a loving companion and faithful husband. So long as one of us who knew him remains, Mr. Arnold will be remembered as one of the best of neighbors and all a son or a daughter of an honest man, the noblest work of God. For truly he exemplified by his life that it was more blessed to give than to receive.

At 10 o'clock on the 19th inst., the neighbors and friends met at his home to pay him their last mark of esteem and respect. The service was conducted by Mr. Wootton, Presbyterian minister, assisted by Mr. Wootton, of Belvoir. Mr. Cameron preached a very appropriate sermon from the words, "Watch and pray, for you know not when the Son of man cometh." After the sermon the funeral procession proceeded to the Moose Jaw cemetery, where it was quietly laid to rest. A wreath of flowers remained on the casket and was buried with him. His wife and children have the sympathy of the community in this dark hour of their affliction.

#### FREE \$1,840 in PRIZES

as follows—

12 Ladies' or Gent's Bicycles Value \$1,200.



"GENDRON" guaranteed one of the best wheel made, sold by D. E. Adams, Winnipeg, AND

#### 24 Gold Watches

Value \$600.

Ladies' or Gent's size, Hunting Case, Keyless, guaranteed time-keepers,

AND

#### 12 pairs Silver Cream and Sugar

Value \$40.00

A TOTAL VALUE OF \$1,840

Given away in one year

BY ROYAL CROWN



ROYAL CROWN

SOAP WRAPPERS.

Prizes will be awarded first of each month, beginning March 1st. Save your Royal Crown Soap Wrappers and send for particulars.

Royal Crown Soap Co., Winnipeg, Man.

The wrappers of no other soap but Royal Crown, whether made by us or not, will be

accepted.



## Through the Deep Waters

Her mind made up, she groped her way to the door, opening it with great difficulty as the water surged heavily against it, and turning her face shoreward plunged into the water.

At any other time the prospect before her would have held no terrors for this daughter and wife of a fisherman; but at midnight, in the depth of winter, with the river swollen to an angry flood and filled with floating debris and wreckage from above, there was need of a clear head and a strong heart.

The water was icy cold, and beaten into foam by the falling rain. The wind caught her long, dark hair and beat her face with it angrily, while occasional hail stones struck heavily upon her defenseless head. Seeing only a few feet in front of her, with aching limbs, and chattering teeth, she yet struck out bravely. For some yards she made good progress. Then something dark came drifting down the river and struck her on the head partially stunning her.

She almost stopped swimming, then, with a sudden remembrance of her errand, and the desperate need of it, she struggled on. She could feel the warm blood trickling down her face. Her strength seemed almost gone when a light shimmered through the darkness in front of her. With a last effort born of the hope that help was at hand, she swam on feebly till she felt the firm ground beneath her feet, and staggering a few steps further, sank almost fainting at the feet of three men, whom in hand, were surveying the waste water.

"Who is this?" exclaimed the tallest of the three, a large, handsome man in a heavy overcoat.

"I think, sir," said one of the others, respectfully, "as it's Mollie Phelps. She lives in the cabin down on the point, and I reckon her house must be washed away and her man drowned. He's been down sick in bed for a long time. What beats me, though, is now she ever managed to get here through such a night and such a river."

"Poor thing!" she has fainted," remarked the third man, compassionately. "Here, Jenkins, you help me lift her, and between us we'll carry her up to my house, and have the old woman here with hot tea and put her to bed without fail."

But at the first touch on her arm Mollie had struggled to her feet.

"No, no!" she cried wildly. "Don't bother about me! Don't waste time standin' here, but come, come, come for the love of God, an' help me save my husband!"

"Mr. Archibald," as for the first time he recognized her, "will help me save him, won't he? He's out there in the storm, drownin' man, with nobody a-sayin' for Christ's sake, get out the boat an' go back with me for him, before—before it is too late."

His eyes shifted uneasily under hers.

"Mollie, my good woman," he said, "calm yourself. You must see how impulsive you are. You must grant your request. Your cabin, with your husband in it, must have been washed away before this. My boat is some distance away and under water, and even if I had it I would not venture my life or the lives of my men on such a fool's errand."

You have done your best for him. You have done nobly, but there is no use in straining your strength."

"Then, as if his evil heart did him good that she was now utterly alone and helpless, he bent his lips to her ear and whispered, "Don't grieve so, my beauty. I promise you that you shall never suffer. Only trust to me, and nobody in the land shall be tenderly cared for."

He expected tears, reproaches, and final flight. What he did not expect was a strong blow in the face which almost knocked him down. At the first word of insult Mollie's splendid young strength returned to her. He staggered back, cursing her through his set teeth.

"Dog! Coward!" she blazed, drawn to her full height, her face glistened with her eye gleaming. "I came to you to say, 'We offer me shame! Now, I tell ye that as I love my man, I wouldn't take his life or my own at such hands as yours!'

She turned from him with a gesture of supreme scorn, and clasped her hands in passionate appeal to the others.

"I tell ye," she said, "Ye have wives an' children safe at home. My man is cut there in the dark waters, sick an' helpless an' alone. For the sake of those ye love, an' who love ye, help me to save him!"

They shoot their heads.

"It's no use, Mollie, woman," said one of them. "We ain't got no boat, an' we'd drown before we could git on."

She turned her gaze away from man, in whom there was no help, and raised her right hand solemnly toward the sun.

"Then with the help of the Lord," she said slowly, "I'll save him myself" and, before they could stop her, she dashed once more into the seething waters.

She battled fiercely with wind and wave, with but the one terror in her mind—that of being too late. Twice great branches of trees bore down upon her, but she dived under them. Something white drifted past her, a pallid, drowned face, with staring eyes and open mouth. She gave a second half-shock to look at it, and thanked God in her heart.

Suddenly a voice out of the darkness recalled her to her senses.

"Mollie, woman, is that you?" it said weakly but cheerily. "I knew you'd come."

"Oh, Jim!" she cried, and the tears, that had before refused to flow, rained down on her face.

She groped her way to him in the darkness. He was lying in the water, with only his head and shoulders raised above it by pillows. He drew her face down to his.

"I woke up a right smart while ago," he said simply, "an' when I found you gone, an' the water all around me, I knew what it meant. You went for help, an' ye didn't git it, or ye wouldn't be back here alone. Well, well, my girl, we kaint blame 'em. That ain't many a would risk their

life such a night as this. 'An' now, honey, ye mus' kiss me onct, an' git away, as quick as ye kin, fur the ol' house kain' hol' together much longer."

"Do you mean for me to go away an' leave ye?" she asked, drawing her breath hard.

"Why, sartain," he answered steadily. "I couldn't swim a stroke to save my life, an' ye shoredly know me too well to think I want anybody, much less you my brave darlin', to drown to death, jest because I've got to. Ye've made me a mighty happy man all these years, an' ye've done your duty to save me. Alway, remember, as I say, I am an' always will go. I wish I'd been a better man, but I feel shore the Lord'll have mercy on me for your sake, and I ain't afraid to die. Give me just one more kiss, honey, an' go, if it may be too late."

Molly took her husband's face between her hands.

"Jim," she said solemnly, "ye never knew me to lie, did ye? Well, then, I swear that I'll either save ye this night or die with ye. That's what I come back for, an' that's what I mean to do. Life ain't worth nothin' to me without ye. Either ye go with me or I stay with ye—an' ye know what that means. Jim, honey, there ain't but one chance, an' that's with me. I'll give it an' trust in ye. I'll kain' save us both."

He made no answer, but a great sob rose in his throat, and he pulled her hand down to his lips.

"Now," she said, bravely, "all ye've got to do is to keep ye're hand on my shoulder and ye're chin above water. Ef you do, I know that we'll pull through, please God!"

All the time she was conscious that they had but one chance in a hundred. Even if her strength held out under the double strain, any bit of wreckage floating down upon them, meant almost certain death, as with her helpless son, it was now impossible for her to hold on.

With a whispered prayer for strength and guidance, she lifted him in her arms and staggered with him to the door. Reaching it, she placed him in the required position and struck out for shore. The house, groaning and shivering like a live thing left its site, but she scarcely allowed the time to go from its door for the last time when, with a wild shriek and crash, it disappeared beneath the angry waters.

On pressed the girl, not daring to look back, on, with set lips and wild white face, lifted now and then in wordless pleading to the frowning heavens. It had been hard enough before this desperate battle with wind and flood, but now, with that hand on her shoulder, so light, and yet to her exhausted strength so heavy, it was well nigh impossible.

She grieved blind and deaf, but labored on her breath coming in great sobs. Her brain seemed molten fire, her heart lead. Evil things with hideous faces caught at her feet to drag her down. She would have shrilled out, but could not, did always she swam on and on. At last she heard Jim's voice in her ear, crying excitedly—

"Mollie, Mollie, we're almost to shore, an' there's a crowd of people on the bank awaitin' for us! Mollie, darlin', only a few more strokes!"

She met them, was gathered into strength and beauty, and wrapped in a warm garment.

When she came to herself it was in a clean, bright room in Granny Smith's comfortable cottage, where geraniums bloomed in the windows, and a sleek tatty cat purred contentedly on a rug before the fire. Mollie turned her head with a high of satisfaction, and then stared with all her eyes, for there was Jim sitting in a chair by the window, comfortably dressed, and with a paper in his hand, smiling and still.

CARRYING HIS ROPE.

"The shark evidently thought he had won up in all directions. His shark was evidently cut for supper and was casting longing glances at the succulent Hindoo babies, of whom a considerable number were in sight.

"In the midst of all the hubbub a tall, lean Hindoo stepped out upon the short speech announced that he would catch the shark.

"Instantly a dead hush fell upon the multitude. The Hindoo stood erect.

"A chorus of groans and exclamations went up, in the midst of which the Hindoo reappeared, swimming with his right hand. Man and shark faced each other, and I fear that Jim's pleased expression in the monster's eye was much as to say: 'Well, this is civil, to say the least.'

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"Presently Mr. Shark came to the surface about eight yards from the boat and immediately the Hindoo plunged overboard.

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# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street,  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 25c; subsequent insertions, 15c each. All transient advertisements, such as, By-aws, Mortgagage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid nonpareil measurements.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first-class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1897.

### CARRIAGE OF BICYCLES.

The Senate committee has thrown out the measure requiring railways to carry bicycles free of charge. There is something in the view that a fair opportunity should be given to the railways and the wheelmen to reach an agreement before Parliament takes compulsory measures against the companies. But surely there has been full opportunity for negotiations and arrangement. The truth seems to be that in most of the adjoining States bicycles are carried free, either as the result of State legislation, or of the voluntary action of the companies; that wheels are also carried free on the Intercolonial, and for a time were carried free on the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific. One feels, too, that if there were any real competition between the two great railway corporations they would be stumbling over each other to give free carriage to bicycles. We cannot accept the argument that the proposal to compel the companies to carry bicycles free of charge is necessarily an interference with vested rights. As a matter of fact the railways are public corporations, holding from Parliament the right to impose taxation on the travelling community, and Parliament may very properly ask railways to adopt reasonable regulations for freight and passenger traffic, and in view of the action of the roads in the past, and the custom of giving free transportation to passengers' baggage, it was not a great stretch of authority to enact that bicycles should have free carriage. —E.R.

### THE RAILWAY BARGAIN.

*Globe*: It is a satisfaction to find the press of British Columbia, Manitoba and the territories is practically unanimous in approval of the bargain made for the construction of the Crow's Nest Railway. Conservative, Liberal, and Independent papers agree that the Government has made a bargain with many praiseworthy features. This is a great deal when we know that in the west there is much feeling against the Canadian Pacific Railway. While recognizing this to be the case, the bargain with the road in at least one or two important features is not what the *Globe* has desired. The arrangements for the prevention of coal monopoly, for the sale of coal at reasonable figures and for control by the public authority of the land grant to the British Columbia Southern seem to be wholly satisfactory to British Columbia. The money grant, however, is larger than the *Globe* would have advocated, and we cannot but feel that in failing to secure the abrogation of the 10 per cent clause which prevents full public control of freight rates over the Canadian Pacific road, an opportunity has been lost that could be turned to great public advantage.

It is the failure to incorporate this condition in the bargain that we most regret. We desire to minimize, not to extend, railway monopoly, and it is not to be expected that the people will ever be satisfied with any provision which prevents full public control of common carriers in this country. The west has a right to ask for an absolute guarantee against discriminations and for the lowest possible freight charges consistent with the maintenance of the

railway in a good commercial position. Under a strong railway commission these results could be secured, speculative schemes for unnecessary competing road, too often based in political political jobbery, would get less encouragement, and the relations between the railways and the people would become more satisfactory. We still think it a pity that the abrogation of the 10 per cent. clause cannot be had and all the railways of Canada made properly subject to public regulation, and the price we are paying ought to entitle us to this concession.

### YOUNG MEN AND SMOKING.

"Perhaps this is a dangerous subject for anyone to touch upon," says a writer in *Harper's Monthly*, "and yet there are a few things still to be said on the subject of smoking to which any respectable person should be willing to listen. Many a young man does not understand why his parents do not wish him to smoke, still less when he is told by these persons that it is wicked or immoral or wrong for him to smoke. As a matter of fact, smoking in itself is neither wrong nor immoral nor wicked. To some people it is physically injurious, but they soon find that out and are obliged by their doctors to give it up. If it is not in any way injurious to you, or to me, or to another person, there is no reason why we should not smoke, except that you are fond of out-door exercise, if you have an ambition to get on an athletic team. If you look forward to college days when you hope to be a member of some class or 'varsity' team, it is wiser for your own interests that you should not smoke.

A habit of any kind is a very difficult thing to give up. If you form a habit of taking a cold bath every morning, it is hard to break it. If you form a habit of reading only the best books, it is almost impossible to read anything else. If you form a habit of drinking whiskey, it is quite as difficult, but not so much so, to break it. In like manner the habit of smoking is a difficult thing to break up. I do not believe it is any easier to get into the habit of smoking than it is to get into the habit of taking a cold bath every morning. Each is a habit, and only becomes injurious, and then does become injurious, when it grows stronger than your own will. Yet the cold bath may not be healthy any more than is the smoking. Therefore if you have any ambition of any kind to keep your self in physical condition to not smoke, or do something that will injure your physical condition. If, however, you decide to take up smoking for one reason or another, if it does not injure you physically, the smoking itself may be perfectly right and proper. When, however, you grow to feel that at certain times in the day you must smoke, then the thing is bad, and should be stopped at once. In other words smoking is not an offence against the Bible as some people seem to think, but it may be, and often is, an offence against health. Whenever health is endangered by it, therefore, keep clear of it."

This year the railway fare from Moose Jaw to the Winnipeg exhibition and return will be \$9.35; from Rush Lake, \$11.15; Swift Current, \$11.60, and Maple Creek, \$13.30.

It is expected that the North-West Legislative Assembly will meet early in August. A very busy session is anticipated, as among other business, the North-West Ordinance will be revised and consolidated.

The extent of the American market for eggs ceases to be surprising when it is known that 40,000,000 dozen are used annually by canneries, print works, 1,600,000 dozen by wine clarifiers, and that photography and other industries are perpetual consumers of eggs in large quantities.

The report of the Minister of Justice shows that the number of convicts in the Dominion in proportion to each ten thousand of the population is 2.8. Prince Edward Island was the lowest, being 1.9; and British Columbia topped the list with 11.5 per ten thousand. The North-West Territories was 2.6. 126 of the prisoners were under 20 years of age; 625 between 20 and 30; 348 between 30 and 40; 161 between 40 and 50; 81 between 50 and 60; and 20 were over 60 years of age.

# R. BOGUE

Felt Hats . . .  
Wall Paper . . .  
Carpet Felt . . .  
Garden Seeds.

ALL OTHER LINES COMPLETE.

# R. BOGUE.

250, an income of \$760,403.24; assets of \$3,404,907, and insurance in force of \$20,000,000. The Ontario Mutual has never made a great spread, and it has sometimes been charged with being too conservative. At the same time the company has always done a prosperous and steadily expanding business. Its affairs have been managed on sound principles and its conservatism has been the kind which has ensured the best results to its policy holders. It is not the number of millions of new business added each year which will come with thinking people so much as the security offered and the results attained in dividends, and in these latter respects the Ontario Mutual makes a good showing.—*Commercial*.

The *People's Journal*, of Dundee, Scotland, a paper with a circulation of at least 250,000, has this to say of Mr. Laurier in a recent issue: "For many reasons Mr. Laurier, the Canadian Premier, will engage the chief attention among the statesmen of Great Britain. He stands for the union of two races not long ago in a death grip. He is a Frenchman by descent and an Imperial Briton; a Catholic and a reconciler in religion; a true Canadian and a fervent loyalist. A striking personality when viewed in the environment of present day politics; still more to the historic sense. For who could have foretold on that memorable night when Wolfe recited the verses of Gray's Elegy as he sailed the St. Lawrence on the daring adventure that ended in the capture of Quebec that the flag he was about to wrest from a Frenchman's hands would one day be upheld by another of the same race, but with the blazonry of the British Empire upon it? A course of events which brings forth such a testimony, not merely to the stilling of racial animosities, but leads to the ascension of a man of Mr. Laurier's birth and type in the enfranchised air of the Canadian Dominion cannot but be happy."

### AN INSURANCE MAN'S STORY.

**J. J. Hanrahan, Inspector for the Standard Life Assurance Co. of Peterborough, Cured of Muscular Rheumatism by the Great South American Rheumatic Cure—It Turns the Midnight of Suffering Into Midday Brightness of Good Health**

**These Are His Words:**

"I was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism in my arm; so much so that for days at a time I could not sleep. I walked the floor in pain the greater part of the night. I procured a bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure and found great relief after a few doses. It is a sure cure and I heartily recommend it." Sold by W. W. Bole,

**THEY CURE TO STAY CURED.**  
By all druggists mail or receipt of price, 50 cents. Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., agents.

When we assert that

### Dodd's Kidney Pills

Cure Backache, Dropsey, Lumbago, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and all other forms of Kidney Troubles, we are backed by the testimony of all who have used them.

**They Cure to Stay Cured.**

By all druggists mail or receipt of price, 50 cents. Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., agents.

## Farm Lands!

### To Rent or For Sale.....

#### ON EASY TERMS.

S.E. 34, 15, 24, W. 2nd,	
N.W. 14, 15, 25,	"
N.E. 15,	
S.E. 24, 15, 25,	"
N.E. 18, 16, 25,	"
N.E. 32, 18, 25,	"
S.E. 4, 19, 25,	"
N.W. 16, 16, 26,	"
S.E. 6, 17, 26,	"
S.E. 12, 18, 26,	"
N.W. 24, 16, 27,	"
N.E. 36, 16, 27,	"
S.E. 10, 18, 27,	"

G. A. MUTTONBURY, Agent,  
459 Main St., Winnipeg.

Correspondence invited.

### FREE TO EVERY MAN

Suffering from the Follies of Youth, Excessive Indulgence, Night Losses, Drains and Emissions; Varicose, Lost Manhood, small weak parts or any organic weakness, we will send you absolutely free of charge, to receive and apply, ready made, which if used as directed will make a new man of you, \$5.00 for a Cure—No Cure no Pay.

Address N. S. M. COMPANY

Lock Box 329, Picton, Ont.

### TO CURE

### RHEUMATISM

TAKE

### Bristol's

### SARSAPARILLA

IT IS  
PROMPT  
RELIABLE  
AND NEVER FAILS.

### IT WILL MAKE YOU WELL

Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it

### BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

### AGENTS.

New edition of "Queen Victoria" now ready. Enlarged—thirty-two full page plates added. Best history of the Queen and the Victorian Era published. The only Canadian book accepted by Her Majesty. Sales enormous; canvassers knocking the bottom out of all records. Easy to make thirty dollars weekly from now until the Diamond Jubilee. Particulars free. THE BRADLEY-GARRETTON CO., LTD., Toronto, Ont.

**CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER**  
THE GREAT  
Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures  
Diarrhea, Cough, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colic, Coughs, etc. etc.

Used Externally, It Cures  
Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

It has a most remarkable effect in removing pain, no medicine has equalled it in popularity. Price 50 cents.

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## Church Directory.

### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. T. H. Bowring, and 7 p.m. Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursdays evening at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

### PRESCYTERIAN CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. J. C. Cameron, B.A. Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Monday, Y.P.S.C. at 8:30; Wednesday, prayer meeting, 7:30.

Everybody welcome.

### METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. T. Ferrier. Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; E. L. of C. E. Sunday evening at 8 p.m.; Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The public are cordially invited. All seats free.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGLICAN).

vicar—Rev. Wm. Watson. Sunday Services: High Eucharist every Sunday at 8 a.m., monthly and on Festivals after Matins at 11 o'clock. Sunday School and Adult Classes at 2:30. Evensong and sermon at 7. Special services during Advent and Lent on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. All seats free. All persons invited and welcome. Books provided.

## COMMUNICATIONS.

(The TIMES does not hold itself responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents. Communications written on both sides of the paper are promptly committed to the waste basket. The name of the correspondent must in all cases accompany the letter, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.)

### Jubilee Day and the Band.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR MR.—The members of the committee in charge of the celebration on Tuesday last are to be congratulated on their success in arranging a celebration which I am sure was pleasing to all, and one which must ever be remembered by the citizens of our town. The unanimous expression of loyalty, as evidenced by the demonstration, cannot but result in imprinting upon the minds of the children a lesson which will be retained through life, and a conception of loyalty and citizenship that could have been obtained in no other way must naturally follow.

To my mind, one of the most pleasant features of the day was the delightful music rendered by the Stony Beach band, and in mingling with the crowd I was impressed with the frequency of the expression, "Why can Moose Jaw not have a band?" As a member of the defunct band, and one who has had considerable experience with bands, I think I can explain why there is not to be able to show in this letter how it is possible to have one. The success of an amateur band depends upon two essentials; first, a number of young men who are naturally fond of music and who are willing to devote a portion of their leisure time to diligent practice, and second, upon a competent leader and instructor. That we had a band second to none in the Territories, while under the leadership of Sergt. Walker, is evidence that we possess the first requirement, and it is only necessary to mention our failure after accepting his resignation as leader to show wherein the difficulty lies at the present time.

In my opinion, the solution of the band question is that the ratepayers, through the Council, guarantee a salary sufficient to enable a competent bandmaster to take up his residence in Moose Jaw, say \$600.00. This may seem a large sum to expend annually for this purpose, but a leader employed by Council could devote considerable of his time to other work, and in this way earn the greater portion of his salary. For instance, the duties of town constable and inspector could be performed by the band instructor, and after deducting the salary now paid this employee, the amount required would be small. By turning over to the Council all money received through engagements the band could, I have no doubt, furnish the balance.

The instruments now in possession of the band committee are all in good condition and I would suggest that they be handed in to the Council to become the property of the town in event of re-organizing.

In conclusion, it is necessary to obtain the will of the ratepayers before asking the Council to take any action in this matter, and this can be done only by circulating a petition. Although in favor of the movement, the majority of the people cannot be induced to attend a meeting called for this purpose. Who will circulate a petition?

Yours truly,

EX-BANDMAN.

### LIKE SUFFERERS ONLY KNOW.

R. SERIVER, CARPENTER, of Hastings, was a Great Sufferer From Kidney Disease—South American Kidney Cure Effect a Quick Cure. It is a Specific Remedy for a Specific Disease. It Dissolves and Eradicates all Solid Matter. From the System—Is safe and Permanent.

For many years I have been troubled with kidney disease, necessitating the taking of much in the way of remedies. Two years ago they became so bad that I had to seek the aid of a physician. My urine was more like blood than anything else, and was very painful. Just at that time I began taking South American Kidney Cure. It gave me immediate relief, and from that time till now I have had no difficulty. I can safely and honestly recommend this great remedy to all persons suffering from kidney trouble. Sold by W. W. Bole.

### An Amendment.

A Chicago paper tells of a little boy who never goes to sleep without praying. The other evening however he became a little mixed about bedtime. When in his snow white gown he made a movement towards his little cot, but was reminded that he had forgotten to say his evening prayer. He quickly kneelt at his mother's side, and, laying his small head upon his folded arms, began:

"Now I lay me down to sleep,  
I pray the Lord my soul to keep."

But there his drowsiness became too much for him. His eyelids went down with a bump against his mother's knee, and she, hoping to help him out, softly suggested: "if." He made another effort and as his mother prompted him the second time he brightened up and finished:

"If me morn, mine mo,"

### The Money Will Circulate.

The distance from Lethbridge to Nelson, as the Crow's Nest Pass road will have to be built, is about 330 miles. The government subsidy alone for this work is \$11,000 per mile, or \$3,300,000 altogether. The entire cost of the road will probably be \$25,000 per mile, or \$14,000 per mile more than the government subsidy, or \$4,200,000 more in the aggregate, or \$7,500,000 altogether. The Federal Government offers a subsidy of \$8,000 per mile for the 200 miles of road. Mr. Heintz is to build between the Columbia river and Penticton, or \$1,600,000 for the entire line. The Provincial government of British Columbia will give a cash subsidy of \$4,000 per mile for the 100 miles between Penticton and Boundary Creek. This would amount to \$400,000, which, added to the Dominion subsidy, would make \$2,000,000. The additional cost of the road would probably amount to \$2,000,000, making the entire cost \$4,000,000. This sum added to the whole cost of the Crow's Nest Pass line would make a grand aggregate of \$11,500,000.

This is the amount, or about the amount, which is to be put into circulation through the building of a road from Lethbridge to Penticton. We give these figures to indicate something of the meaning of this great work as it immediately concerns British Columbia. There will be from 8,000 to 10,000 men employed and enormous consumption of provisions, feed and general merchandise. The feed and provisions will be chiefly from Manitoba and Alberta, while the iron, steel and general merchandise will come from eastern Canada. *Rossland Miner*

### Advice to Pilgrims.

The following advice from a mining exchange may be of benefit to some who contemplate trying their fortunes in the Kootenay:—

As a bright light attracts moths to its flame, so do the riches and fame of the Kootenay attract thousands of people anxious to better their fortunes. We would like to make a few remarks upon the rush the Kootenay.

It is true that the district is a rich one, but its inhabitants cannot support all the paupers, drunks, hooligans, and broken people of America.

It is true that Kootenay has plenty of gold and silver, but it is in the solid formation, and cannot be picked from the roadside like shells from the ocean shore.

It is true that there is plenty to do, but every job has more than one man for it.

It is true that living is comparatively high and that the man with only a nickel or two is strictly not in it.

It is true that fortunes can be made, but seldom without capital to start with or extraordinary luck.

To the pilgrims and tenderfeet who are thinking of coming to this glorious country, we would say:

Have money in plenty or an assured income before you bid the folks adieu. If you don't you may have to sleep in street and chew scenery for breakfast.

Do not come out here and expect that you are smarter than the natives. Some of the brightest minds on earth breathe the ozone in Kootenay and it is hard to keep up with them.

If you have failed everywhere else do not expect to do any better here, and you will not be disappointed.

If you are a tough ordered to leave your community do not come at all. You will find competition to keen.

If you have little money, but plenty of manhood and are composed of the same stuff as the trail blazers of this country, come along. You will win in the end provided you do not bind yourself to boozeroons, cards and the woman in red.

"D & L" MENTHOL PLASTER  
BURROCK BLOOD  
BITTERS  
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE  
BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,  
BYPSEPSIA, FROPSY,  
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING  
JAUNDICE, OF THE HEART,  
ERYSPHE, ACIDITY OF  
SALT RHEUM, THE STOMACH,  
HEARTBURN, DRYNESS  
HEADACHE, OF THE SKIN,  
AND every species of disease arising  
from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS,  
STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.  
T. MULBURN & CO., TORONTO.  
BY THE SAME LAKE WAGHORN'S GUIDE

### Now I Lay Me Down to Sleep.

The fire upon the hearth is low,  
And there is stillness everywhere;  
Like troubled spirits here and there  
The firelight shadows fluttering go,  
And as the shadows round me creep,  
A childish treble breaks the gloom,  
And softly from the other room  
Comes "Now I lay me down to sleep."

And, somehow, with that little prayer,  
And that sweet treble in my ears,  
My thought goes back to distant years,  
And I linger with a dear old there,  
And as I think of the child's name,  
My mother's birth comes back to me;  
Crouching at her side I seem to be,  
And mother holds my hands again.

And, for an hour in that dear place!  
Oh, for the peace of that dear state!  
Oh, for the childlike trust, sublime!  
For a glimpse of mother's face!  
Yet, as the shadows round me creep,  
I do not seem to be alone—  
Sweet magic of that trebled tone—  
And "Now I lay me down to sleep."

Eugene Field.

### Victoria the Great.

(By Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate.)

The dew was on the summer lawn,  
The rose bloomed, the woods were green,  
When forth there came, as fresh as dawn,  
A maiden with majestic mien.

They girt a crown about her brow,  
They placed a sceptre in her hand,  
And bade the ravening winds, "Guard  
God's guard the lady of the land."

And now the cuckoo calls once more  
And once again June's roses blow,  
And round her throne her people pour,  
Recalling sixty years ago.

And all the gaudy days between,  
Glory and sorrow, love and pain,  
The wifely mother, widowed Queen,  
The fairest, as the longest reign.

She shared her subjects' band and bliss,  
Welcomed the wise, the base withstood,  
And taught by her clear life it is  
The greatest greatness to be good.

Yet, while for peace she wrought and prayed,  
She bore the trident, wore the helm,  
And Mistress of the Main, she made  
An Empire of her island realm.

So, gathering now, from near, from far,  
From rule wherein her sons the day,  
From Southern Cross and Northern Star,  
Her people lift their hearts and pray:

Longer and longer may she reign,  
And through a summer night serene,  
Whence day doth never wholly wane,  
God spare and bless our Empress-Queen.

### CONVINCED THE SCPTIC.

The Merits of the Great South American Nervine. Withstand All the Assaults of the Credulous and Sceptical—When They Are Converted to Its Use in Their Personal Ailments They Become Its Best Friend—For It Never Fails Them.

Mr. Dinwoodie, of Campbellford, Ont., says: "I recommend South American Nervine to everybody. I consider it would be truant to the best interests of humanity were I not to do so. In one instance I convinced an avowed sceptic to all remedies of its curative powers; he procured a bottle and it has been of such benefit to him that he continues to purchase and use it, and has given its great value to his friends, stomach and nerve tonic. It has done wonders for me and I keep it constantly in my house. An occasional dose acts as a preventive and keeps me well and strong. It is a wonderful medicine." Sold by W. W. Bole.

Mr. Dinwoodie, of Campbellford, Ont., says: "I recommend South American Nervine to everybody. I consider it would be truant to the best interests of humanity were I not to do so. In one instance I convinced an avowed sceptic to all remedies of its curative powers; he procured a bottle and it has been of such benefit to him that he continues to purchase and use it, and has given its great value to his friends, stomach and nerve tonic. It has done wonders for me and I keep it constantly in my house. An occasional dose acts as a preventive and keeps me well and strong. It is a wonderful medicine." Sold by W. W. Bole.

Mr. T. H. WINGHAM, C. E., Montreal, says, and St. Peter Boree, Davis & Lawrence Co., Inc., Montreal:

The "D. & L." Emulsion I have had

of a packing house which handles the emulsion in large quantities, and it is a good emulsion, and I am glad when the "D. & L." Emulsion is used.

T. H. WINGHAM, C. E., Montreal.

Agents—Bank of Montreal.

## CURRENT NOTES.

How far public opinion is making itself felt as a restraining force in the treatment of Greece by the powers it is difficult to say, but there is little doubt that in England and France, at least, its influence upon the action of the governments is very strong. In England the public mind is so filled with horror of the Turks that any action taken in their behalf seems positively shameful; and though admiration of the Greeks may not be strong, the fact is recognized that they are a hopeful people, and that the career of Greece has on the whole been so creditable that to unduly humiliate her in the interest of the Ottoman will be a crime against civilization. For whatever the faults of the Greeks may be—and they are not few—they have on a meagre territory and with a limited revenue, established a civilized and Christian state, as orderly as Italy, have organized a fair army, and created a fleet for which that of Turkey is admitted to be no match. They have, too, tried to extend and advance citizenship, and to promote culture, and have as respects creed been so tolerant that their Moslem subjects have advised the Moslems of Crete to submit to Greek rule, in the certainty that justice would be done them. They have done all this under foreign rulers, between whom and their subjects there was no strong sympathy, and to further establish their claim to respect, have shown a readiness to assume grave personal and national risks in order to set free those of their own race and creed under Ottoman rule.

The Turkish empire, on the other hand, rests on the Ottomans as a base, and the Ottomans are a Mongol tribe from the Far East, who penetrated Europe only for purposes of plunder and destruction, who are inferior to the races under them, and unable from the very conditions of their existence to ever rise to a higher conception of duty. They conquered half the Roman empire, but in the four hundred years they have governed it they have contributed nothing to the world's advancement, have never built a city, made a discovery or produced a book. They have been purely destructive, without vivifying quality whatever, their government has been despotism maintained by wholesale massacres and every race they have made subject has either successfully rebelled against them, or endures their yoke with loathing and terror. Horror of them is universal, and at this moment nothing prevents a rising in every Turkish province save the readiness of the Ottoman to die fighting, a readiness which has given him everything he has or has had, and which constitutes his only claim to admiration. And there is no hope of any change for the better in Eastern Europe until he disappears, and with the great powers bolstering up the sultan and burying their jealousies to maintain the integrity of his domains, there seems scant chance of that. True, the house of Osman is worn out, the empire is decaying, the treasury is empty, and the provinces are on the verge of anarchy, but the sultan is secure, and so long as he is, and it may be for twenty years, there is no hope of improvement. In such a situation it is little wonder that public opinion in Western Europe favors the Greeks.

## ESCAPED IN A FLOUR-SACK.

Remarkable Adventure of a British Officer During the Peninsular War.

Sir John Waters says the author of "English Eccentrics" was the most admirable spy ever attached to an army. In the Peninsular War he gave Lord Wellington the most accurate and valuable information about the Spaniards and their movements. On one occasion he was taken prisoner by a company of Spanish dragoons while still clad in the English uniform. He was supposed to be a stupid Britisher who could not understand a word of French or Spanish, and his captors conversed freely before him.

He learned from his guards, while riding between them, that they were going to kill and rob him at an old mill where the company was to stop for dinner. They would pretend that he shot him because of his attempt to escape.

On reaching the mill the dragoons dismounted and went into the house, leaving their prisoner outside in the hope that he would attempt to escape.

The instant they were out of sight Waters threw his cloak upon a neighbouring olive-bush, and mounted his cocked hat on top. Some empty flour-sacks lay on the ground and into one of them he crawled. A moment after the dragoons came out, fired their carbines at the supposed prisoner, and galloped off, intending to return later to rifle the body.

A horse, loaded with sacks of flour, stood near the door, and Sir John still enveloped in the sack, managed to throw himself out of the house back as he was himself. The owner, at length, came out, mounted, and rode away, without detecting the peculiar contents of one of the sacks.

When far enough away for safety, Waters, finding his position most uncomfortable, managed to free himself from the sack, and sat up. The horseman, chancing to look around, beheld the man covered with flour, and took him to be a ghost personified. Terrified at the sight, he fell over in a swoon, and the supposed ghost thrust him to the ground and galloped off.

Sir John reached the English camp without further adventure, and was warmly greeted by Wellington.

## NANSEN'S MEN.

Norway's Storting has voted a lump sum of 4,000 kroner, \$1,000 each to Nansen's 12 companions, and 3,000 kroner a year for five years to Captain Svendrup, who is to command the next expedition in the Fram planned for 1898.

## THE FARM.

### INSTRUCTIONS IN SPRAYING.

By J. Hoyes, Pantan, Professor of Biology, Ontario Agricultural College.

### SOLUTIONS RECOMMENDED.

#### 1. Bordeaux Mixture.

Copper sulphate, 4 pounds; lime fresh, 4 pounds; water, 40 gallons. Suspend the copper sulphate in five gallons of water. This may be done by putting it in a bag of coarse material, and hanging it, so as to be covered by the water. Shake the lime in about the same quantity of water. Then mix the two and add the remainder of the 40 gallons of water.

Warm water will dissolve the copper sulphate more readily than cold water. If the lime is at all dirty strain the lime solution.

If the lime is good the above amount is likely to be sufficient. It is an easy matter to know how much lime is required by using what is termed the ferrocyanide of potassium test. Take ferrocyanide of potassium test. This substance can be got at any druggist, and very little is required. Take with a saturated solution of this compound. If there is not plenty of lime in mixture, a drop of the test added to it, turns brown. Add more lime and stir. As soon as the test fails to color in coming in contact with your mixture, it indicates there is sufficient lime present to neutralize the effects of the copper sulphate. Use wooden vessels in preparing the Bordeaux mixture.

#### 2. Ammoniacal Copper Carbonate Solution ("Cuprum".)

Copper carbonate, 1 ounce; ammonia sufficient to dissolve the copper carbonate; water, 10 gallons. This solution is not much used, and is recommended only in cases where the fruit is so far advanced that it would be disfigured by using the Bordeaux mixture.

#### 3. Paris Green Mixture.

Paris green, 1 pound; water, 200 to 300 gallons.

Use 200 gallons of water in a mixture for apple trees, 250 for plum trees, and 300 for peach trees. When Paris green is added to Bordeaux mixture, so as to form a combined insecticide and fungicide, add four ounces to every 40 gallons of the Bordeaux mixture.

#### 4. Hellebore.

White hellebore, fresh, 1 ounce; water, 6 gallons.

#### 5. Pyrethrum.

Pyrethrum powder, fresh, 1 ounce; water, 4 gallons.

#### 6. Kerosene Emulsion.

Hard soap, 1/2 pound, or soft soap, 1 quart; boiling water, soft, 1 gallon; coal oil, 2 gallons.

After dissolving the soap in the water, add the coal oil and stir well for 5 to 10 minutes. When properly mixed, it will adhere to glass without oiliness. A syringe or pump will aid much in this work. In using, dilute with from 9 to 15 parts of water. Kerosene emulsion may be prepared with sour milk (1 gallon), and coal oil (2 gallons), no soap being required. This will not keep long.

#### NOSES.

1. When there is danger of disfiguring fruit with the Bordeaux mixture use the ammoniacal copper carbonate.

2. Experience in spraying during the past two years indicates that it is best to use the combined insecticide and fungicide, commencing as soon as the buds begin to swell, again when the leaves appear, and continue it at intervals of 10 to 15 days, until the trees have been sprayed 3 to 5 times, which will depend upon the weather. In the case of a rainy season, it may be necessary to spray at least five times, while if dry, and the mixtures have been allowed to remain on the foliage, then three or four times may be sufficient.

3. In the spray while the trees are in bloom, but immediately after.

3. Combined insecticide and fungicide, containing Paris green and Bordeaux mixture is to be used for insects that chew, and injurious fungi, but kerosene emulsion alone for those insects that suck the juices of plants, such as aphid, thrip, red spider, etc.

4. A stiff solution for the preparation of Bordeaux mixture may be prepared as follows: Dissolve 25 pounds of copper sulphate in 25 gallons of water. One gallon of this contains one pound each of the copper sulphate. In another barrel slake 25 pounds of good lime, and add 12-1/2 gallons of water. One gallon of this contains two pounds of lime. To make the mixture take four gallons of the copper sulphate solution and two of the lime. If there any doubt about there not being sufficient lime try the test already referred to under Bordeaux mixture. Now fill up the amount to 40 gallons with water.

5. Prepare the mixtures well, apply them at the proper time, and be as thorough as possible in the work.

#### 1. Apple.

Treatment for destroying codling moth, tent caterpillar, canker-worm, apple spot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green, 4 cans to the barrel of the mixture, when the buds are swelling.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when the blossoms open.

Third spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when the blossoms have fallen.

Fourth and fifth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green at intervals ten to fifteen days, if necessary.

#### 2. Pear.

Leaf blight, scale and codling moth, the same treatment as for the apple.

#### 3. Plum.

Canker, brown rot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture before the flower buds open.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green as soon as the petals are fallen.

Third spraying: Bordeaux and Paris green in seven to ten days after.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture in ten to fifteen days after.

#### 4. Pear.

Leaf blight, scale and codling moth, the same treatment as for the apple.

#### 5. Plum.

Canker, brown rot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture before the flower buds open.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green as soon as the petals are fallen.

Third spraying: Bordeaux and Paris green in seven to ten days after.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture in ten to fifteen days after.

#### 6. Pear.

Leaf blight, scale and codling moth, the same treatment as for the apple.

#### 7. Plum.

Canker, brown rot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture before the flower buds open.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green as soon as the petals are fallen.

Third spraying: Bordeaux and Paris green in seven to ten days after.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture in ten to fifteen days after.

#### 8. Plum.

Canker, brown rot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture before the flower buds open.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green as soon as the petals are fallen.

Third spraying: Bordeaux and Paris green in seven to ten days after.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture in ten to fifteen days after.

#### 9. Plum.

Canker, brown rot, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture before the flower buds open.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green as soon as the petals are fallen.

Third spraying: Bordeaux and Paris green in seven to ten days after.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture in ten to fifteen days after.

#### 10. Tomato.

Leaf blight, and leaf blight.

First spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when the leaves are and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Second spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Third spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Fourth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Fifth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Sixth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Seventh spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Eighth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Ninth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Tenth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Eleventh spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Twelfth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Thirteenth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Fourteenth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

Fifteenth spraying: Bordeaux mixture and Paris green when leaves are one inch in diameter.

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## A REVOLUTION IN GLASS

NEW METHODS OF WORK HAVE LATELY BEEN ADOPTED.

Old Art of Blowing and Pressing superseded by Recent Inventions—No Limit to the Size of Pipes and Jars.

What is practically a new art has been developed in France within the past two years. It is a process for working glass vessels and pipes to large sizes. The process is in itself so simple that it is hard to realize why it was not discovered years ago. The glass industry is one of the oldest known to man and yet centuries passed and the use of the substance was confined to gates for windows and vessels of small sizes, which was made by pressing or blowing. Heretofore the glass manufacturer has considered it an achievement to make by the old methods a vessel which would hold more than 5 gallons.

One of the leading scientists of France is due the credit for the discovery of the new and valuable process which glass pipes can be made to compare in size and strength with those of iron and earthenware, and glass vessels can be manufactured of any needed dimensions and fashioned to almost any shape from a simple jar to a bath-tub or coffin. This is done by moulding.

### MOULDING GLASS.

The problem of moulding glass is an one that many ingenious men tried vain for years to solve. The best illustrations that can be given of this successful process is the casting of a section of a drain pipe. The cylindrical mould is placed in an upright position with a core at the lower end ready to be shoved upward. A large lump of the molten glass is then placed in the bottom of the mould resting on the head of the core.

When the core is pushed upward the viscous substance flows down about its sides, filling all the space between it and the mould. The glass is allowed to harden partially, and then the core is withdrawn and the mould split off. The product is a splendid piece of glass pipe, uniform in strength and thickness, and perfectly smooth on its surfaces. All the other forms into which the glass is worked are made on precisely the same principle, that of forcing the core upward into a mould. By this method is obtained what has hitherto been unknown in glass vessels—uniform strength and thickness.

The old methods of expanding the glass in a mould by air or forcing it into a mould about a core have proved utterly impracticable in any vessels other than those a few cubic feet in size, for when in the former process, the glass blower places his sphere of the viscous substance in a square mould and blows, the glass necessarily expands unevenly in filling the corners.

It is obvious that glass must in the future occupy an enormously extended field of usefulness as a result of this revolution in the art of manufacturing it. It possesses four qualities which make this—it is cheap, impervious to acids except hydrofluoric, cleanly, and if properly cared for, it is practically indestructible.

### GLASS DRAINS.

No better sanitary drainage can be obtained than that which can be afforded by glass pipes. Iron pipes rust out and the glass is clay pipes, now so generally used, cracks, and the pipes absorb the refuse matter. Laying them through and become unhealthy. Again the problem of sewage will be greatly simplified. The sewers in most cases are simply brick ducts. They cannot get out of repair, as they are more or less porous, sewage and consequently decay. Glass sewers will be absolutely unaffected by these conditions and will allow the passage of a greater volume of sewage than any other kind of duct of equal cross section, since the skin friction is very small. France has been the first country to use glass for this purpose, and already several of its cities are laying glass pipes.

A decade ago there was great opposition in large cities to the introduction of electricity as a means for transmitting energy. This arose in part from the fact that the heavy currents which were then in use had a tendency to destroy the process of insulation. The iron pipes which carried the ultimate result of causing a resistance to the passage of the current in the wire itself. The loss of energy resulting is considerable. This trouble will be eliminated by the use of glass pipe, the non-conducting properties of which warrant its introduction.

NON-CONDUCTORS.

They trouble will be done away with by the introduction of glass pipes which will be totally unaffected by electrical currents, as glass is a non-conductor. The actual transmission of electrical energy underground will be rendered easier and cheaper. At present when we are using underground pipes they are encased in iron pipes which magnify with the ultimate result of causing a resistance to the passage of the current in the wire itself. The loss of energy resulting is considerable. This trouble will be eliminated by the use of glass pipe, the non-conducting properties of which warrant its introduction.

Every Woman Should Enjoy Life. How Many Do?

Many are miserable, weak and sickly, and could be made well through their diet.

Most of us are.

The cause of most all these ills is easily remedied, and can be done by the great compound medicine.

A. M. C. MEDICINE CO., 87 St. Paul St., Montreal.

For sale by all Druggists.

# Sporting Goods HEADQUARTERS

Base Bails.  
Tennis Bails.  
India Rubber Bails  
Foot Bails.

CROQUET SETTS ARE NOW IN STOCK.

Jubilee Flags (1837-1897), Canadian Flags and Ensigns  
5 cts. to 25 cts.

Do you want a high grade wheel at a low grade price? Try a Ruby Rim Bradford at \$5.00 cash.

Yours for toilet soap.

**W. W. BOLE.**

**The Moose Jaw Times.**

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1897.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

McPhee's big show next week.

Use Elephant Paints. J. A. Healey & Co.

Wm. Hannah, Jr., is spending a few days with friends in Regina.

Rev. Mr. Watson returned home from Maple Creek on Saturday.

Mr. Pope Balderstone, cattle buyer of Regina, was in town on Saturday.

Builders! Come to us for supplies. Large stock just opened up. J. A. Healey & Co.

The widow of Postmaster Grundy of Duck Lake, has been voted a grant by Parliament.

Mr. Forget, Indian Commissioner, passed through Sunday, en route home from a tour of the agencies in the Edmonton district.

Miss Annie McIntyre, milliner of Regina, who has been assisting Miss Clarke for some months, left for her home last evening.

Mr. Alex. McDonald has decided to erect a handsome residence on River Street, west, and work was commenced on the foundation on Wednesday.

Ben. Fletcher returned last evening from Dundurn, and brings good reports from that district. The cattle were never looking better and there is abundance of hay. Dundurn celebrated Jubilee in good style.

Notwithstanding the out-door attractions and the cool weather on Tuesday evening, the ice cream social of the R. T. of T. was fairly well attended, and the funds of the council was considerably enhanced by the proceeds.

Among the flags floating in the breeze on Tuesday in honor of the Jubilee, that of Mr. Jas. Chalmers was quite conspicuous, it being a large full Union Jack, which was presented to him on his departure from Scotland.

It is the intention of the local members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen to locate a lodge here on the occasion of the visit of the 2nd Vice Grand Master of the order, Mr. Wilson, of Peoria, Ill., who will be here on Tuesday next, June 29th.

Mr. Jas. H. Ross, M.L.A., arrived from Regina on Saturday morning and left the same evening for his ranch at Yellowgrass, returning in time for Jubilee Day. He left for Winnipeg Tuesday night, but will return shortly. Mrs. Ross was also in town on Jubilee Day, but returned home to Regina that evening.

Last week Mr. Jno. Urton had quite a novel experience with the cattle on his ranch in the sand hills. A number of them seemed to stiffen out and were unable to move, and it was thought they had in some manner been poisoned. They recovered, however, in a few hours. Mr. Urton cannot account definitely for the occurrence, but thinks that it must have been caused by the cattle obtaining the ashes of last year's prairie fires, which a recent rain had caused to stick to the new growth of grass.

Sunday, June 20th, the anniversary of the Queen's accession, was observed as a special day of thanksgiving at St. John's church for the sixty years' reign of Queen Victoria. The singing of canticles and hymns was very hearty, the service being entirely congregational. Before Evensong the National Anthem was sung and afterwards a thanksgiving "Te Deum Laudamus." In the morning the Vicar enlarged upon the duty of honoring the king, and in the evening on the wonderful revival and extension of the Anglican church during the Victorian era.

Go to J. A. Healey & Co's for wall paper, kalsomine, paints, &c.

Mr. Wm. Grayson was in Regina on Monday defending the accused in the Flack case.

Mrs. Simpson returned home last week from an extended trip to Winnipeg and Carberry.

Last week's prize for the weekly shooting competition was won by Mr. Green—score 80.

Fred. Bremier, C.P.R. brakeman, left last evening for Winnipeg on a few days leave of absence.

Mr. Tucker, of Regina, was in town on Tuesday, having come up to spend the day with friends in Moose Jaw.

Mr. Thos. Hiscox, C.P.R. pump man at Estevan, was in town on Monday en route to Regina for Jubilee Day.

At 3 o'clock on Sunday, June 27th, there will be a service held by the Rev. Wm. Watson, at Carmel school house

Blakie, the Medicine Hat baggage man, received three years sentence for taking baggage. He was taken to Regina on Saturday.

Anglican church service at Robert Scott's, south of town, on Sunday afternoon 27th inst., conducted by J. L. Oldridge de la Hey, licensed lay reader.

The A.O.U.W. transportation committee (Messrs. Gass and Stunt) requests that the names of all those requesting seats in vehicles to be handed in on Tuesday next.

There will be (D.V.) divine service at the school house, Point Elma, on Sunday next, June 27th, at 10.30 a.m., and sermon by the Rev. Wm. Watson, Vicar of Moose Jaw.

Mr. Harry Bate has again taken up his residence in town, and has accepted a position in Mr. Ferguson's butcher shop. It looks like old times to see Harry in the white apron.

Sam Armstrong, formerly of R. L. Slater's, but now of the North-West Police Barracks, Regina, was in town a few days this week renewing old acquaintances. He returned home Tuesday night.

George Smith, of Regina, was in town for a couple of days this week, looking for an opening for a tinsmith shop. He was favorably impressed with our town and will probably decide upon it as a suitable location.

The A.O.U.W. sports committee has made all the necessary arrangements for a good picnic on Dominion Day and a handsome prize-list has been prepared. The football and baseball matches will be called at 10 a.m., and the other sports will commence at 1:30 p.m. Go yourself and take a friend.

Rev. T. Ferrier has left for Lumsden to conduct the dedicatory services in connection with the opening of the new Methodist church on Sunday and Monday next. His pulpit on Sunday will be filled by Mr. West in the morning and Mr. R. G. Martin in the evening.

A. T. Condell, general agent North, West Territories, for the North American Life, is in town for a few days.

Mr. Condell contemplates making this his headquarters as it is the best centre for organizing and controlling the growing business of this popular company in the western field.

Maggie Coulter, of Caron, was on

Monday acquitted by a jury before Judge Richardson on a charge of concealment of birth and failure to procure assistance in confinement.

The step-father, Flack, was fined \$200 and given one day in jail for unlawfully disposing of the body of the infant, with intent to conceal birth. He paid the fine.—Regina Leader.

Two more very beautiful colored windows have been placed in St. John's church. The subject of the first memorial window is St. Peter, and the other St. Catherine. To commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, 1837, June 20th, 1897, the three windows were dedicated at Evensong on St. John the Baptist's day, by the Vicar.

On Sunday next, June 27th, Mr. Wootton will preach his farewell sermon at Carmel school house at 10:30 a.m., Bohart at 3 p.m. and at Caron school house at 7:30 p.m. Mr. Wootton leaves for Parkbeg on a few weeks furlough previous to entering college. His successor, Mr. Barber, will assume charge of the field in about two weeks.

It is Now Sir Wilfrid.

The list of Jubilee honors conferred upon Canadians by Her Majesty is not

lengthy, but among them is one which

will be received with universal approbation, namely, the honor bestowed upon Canada's Premier, who is elevat-

ed to the position of a member of the

Imperial Privy Council, and Knight of

the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St.

George. Mr. Laurier will wear the

title with honor to himself and his

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The other gentlemen upon whom

honors were bestowed are Hon. Sir

Donald A. Smith, G.C.M.G., a peerage;

Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat, K.C.M.G.,

the grand cross of the order of St.

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lor, of Manitoba, a knighthood; Chief

Justice Tait, of Quebec, a knighthood;

John H. Haggerty, ex-Chief Justice

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the following gentlemen, the com-

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and St. George; J. M. Courtney, de-

puty Minister of Finance; J. Lorne

McDougall, Auditor General; Lieut.

Col. William White, deputy Post

master-General, and Louis Frechette,

## AT HYMEN'S ALTAR.

Two Popular Young People United in the Bonds of Holy Matrimony.

The handsome and spacious residence of Mr. H. C. Gilmour, Sr., near Buffalo Lake, was, at five o'clock on Wednesday evening, the scene of a very pretty wedding, when Mr. R. E. Doran led to Hymen's altar, Mr. Gilmour's youngest daughter, Kate. The bride was charmingly attired in beautiful cream silk, and wore a bouquet of orange blossoms in her hair, and looked as only brides can. Miss Janet Gilmour, a sister of the bride, supported her through the ceremony and looked very pretty, tastefully dressed in cream cashmere. Mr. Jas. Doran, of Regina, a brother of the groom, acted as best man. The nuptial knot was tied by the Rev. J. C. Cameron, after which about fifty guests sat down with the happy couple to a sumptuous spread. Supper being ended, dancing commenced and continued until nearly midnight when all the guests left for their several homes, and Mr. and Mrs. Doran, for their future residence on High Street.

The bride was made the recipient of some of the most handsome and costly presents everdonated on a like occasion in Moose Jaw, which is manifest by the following lengthy list:—H. C. Gilmour, Sr., couch and rocking chair; Messrs. Ben. Reid, R. Martin, H. Ferguson, A. McCauley, D. Smallwood, and J. U. Munns, solid German silver set consisting of four pieces and tray; E. H. Moorhouse, silver water pitcher; Miss Rachel White, napkin ring; R. E. Baxter, napkin ring; Mr. and Mrs. Rouatt, pickle set; J. C. Hamilton, silver mustard set; Miss Janet Gilmour, silver pickle eruct; Mr. C. F. Smith, Mr. J. R. Smith, and Miss Mary Smith, clothes wringer; R. Franks, crystal fruit set; Con. Leary, silver spoon holder; Jno. Gilmour, silver butter dish; Richard McCarthy, napkin ring; Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Moffat, silver cake basket; Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Smith, silver pickle dish; Mrs. Jas. Thomson, Sr., cold oil stove; Mr. J. and Miss K. Rouatt, silver bon bon dish; Mr. and Mrs. Tuxford, fancy flower pot holder; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Gass, silver syrup pitcher; Mrs. and Miss Taylor, carving set; Wm. Armstrong, half dozen dinner knives; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Armstrong, china cream set; Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Slater, silver cake basket; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. W. Stunt, bed room set; F. Garnham, silver sugar dish; D. Gilmour, silver fruit dish; Mr. Moffat, Sr., cold oil stove; Mr. and Mrs. F. Fowler, silver syrup pitcher; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Thomson, pickle eruct; Jno. Gilmour, Sr., silver break fast set; Mr. and Mrs. Pascoe, silver sugar bowl and one dozen spoons; Jas. Doran, pair chenille curtains; Hugh Gilmour, Jr., parlor lamp; Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Thomson, silver mustard eruct; Mrs. Jas. McCartney, white hall lamp; Miss Moffat, paper rack; C. Richardson, parlor mirror; Neil Gilmour, china tea set; Miss Jessie Doran, Albany, Ill., parlor clock; Robt. and the Misses McCartney, table cloth; Misses Gilmour, Winnipeg, table cloth; Mr. and Mrs. D. McMillan, fruit tray; Mrs. Peter Green, pickle eruct; Mrs. and Miss Powell, parlor lamp; Geo. McCartney, crystal water set.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Doran are well and favorably known throughout the Moose Jaw district, he having catered to the harness trade for a number of years, and Mrs. Doran is the daughter of one of the eldest and most successful farmers in Assinibina, having come to the district some fourteen years ago.

THE TIMES joins heartily in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Doran a long and happy life of matrimonial bliss and a due proportion of this world's good things.

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master-General, and Louis Frechette,

## TOWN COUNCIL.

School Board Estimates for 1898  
—Mr. Healey's Resignation Accepted.

The regular meeting of the town council was held in the Clerk's office last Monday evening, at which were present Mayor Bogie and Councillors Herrler, Smale and Grayson.

Accounts were rendered as follows: H. Battell, for soda, \$3.50; W. W. Bole, for supplies, \$2.40; TIMES, for printing, \$1.00; Mrs. T. E. McWilliams, \$1.00.

On motion by Coun. Grayson, seconded by Coun. Herrler, the above accounts were ordered to be paid.

Several communications were read by the Clerk. The secretary of the school board wrote informing the council that whereas information had been received by the Board of Trustees, convincing them that compulsory vaccination of the children was absolutely necessary, and as the Board had not the power to compel the same, they requested the council to deal with the matter as soon as possible, the necessity for immediate action being self evident, as so many Chinese are continually going through Moose Jaw, and a very recent case developed among the Chinese going through.

On motion by Coun. Grayson, seconded by Coun. Smale, the matter was referred to the Mayor to consult the town solicitor in regard to his powers in the matter.

The School Board also wrote informing the council that the estimates for the year 1898 would be \$5,500.00, and gave as the reason for the increase that they found it would be necessary to finish and furnish the rooms in the new addition and to provide funds for current expenses and the maintenance of an additional teacher, and also owing to a decrease in the Government grant under the new system.

On motion by Grayson, seconded by Herrler, the estimates were filed.

Mr. D. Moore, wrote complaining of the damage the cattle are doing to his trees, and claimed that this was the third year he had drawn the attention of the council to this matter, but it seemed impossible for them to see that the herd was not being properly enclosed, while it was no trick at all to furnish a man to work in the garden and to pay for watching fires. Mr. Moore claimed damages to the extent of \$200.

M. C. F. Miles, of Rat Portage, wrote complaining against his assessment, and thought that it was not only unreasonable but "medicinously high."

His lot was assessed for \$300 but Mr. Miles claims that he could not sell it for more than \$225.

On motion by Coun. Grayson, seconded by Coun. Smale, the Clerk was instructed to reply to Mr. Miles explaining the plan of assessment; and also to Mr. Moore, explaining to him the position of the council in regard to the impounding of animals, and that the council is anxious to protect the growing of trees as far as possible.

On motion by Coun. Herrler, seconded by Coun. Grayson, the resignation of Coun. Thos. Healey was accepted, and the Clerk was instructed to take the necessary steps for the holding of an election.

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